The Dow Chemical Company encourages and expects you to read and understand the entire (M)SDS, as there is important information throughout the document. We expect you to follow the precautions identified in this document unless your use conditions would necessitate other appropriate methods or actions.

1. Product and Company Identification

Product Name
DOWTHERM® A HEAT TRANSFER FLUID

COMPANY IDENTIFICATION
The Dow Chemical Company
2030 Willard H. Dow Center
Midland, MI 48674
USA

Customer Information Number: 800-258-2436

EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NUMBER
24-Hour Emergency Contact: 989-636-4400
Local Emergency Contact: 989-636-4400

2. Hazards Identification

Emergency Overview
Color: Colorless to yellow
Physical State: Liquid.
Odor: Aromatic

Hazards of product:

CAUTION! May cause respiratory tract irritation. Aspiration hazard. Can enter lungs and cause damage. Keep upwind of spill. Highly toxic to fish and/or other aquatic organisms.

OSHA Hazard Communication Standard
This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

Potential Health Effects

Eye Contact: May cause slight temporary eye irritation.
Skin Contact: Repeated contact may cause moderate skin irritation with local redness.
Skin Absorption: Prolonged skin contact is unlikely to result in absorption of harmful amounts.
**Product Name:** DOWTHERM® A HEAT TRANSFER FLUID  
**Issue Date:** 03/29/2011

**Inhalation:** Excessive exposure may cause irritation to upper respiratory tract (nose and throat) and lungs. May cause headache and nausea due to odor.  
**Ingestion:** Low toxicity if swallowed. Small amounts swallowed incidentally as a result of normal handling operations are not likely to cause injury; however, swallowing larger amounts may cause injury.  
**Aspiration hazard:** Aspiration into the lungs may occur during ingestion or vomiting, causing lung damage or even death due to chemical pneumonia.  
**Effects of Repeated Exposure:** The data presented are for the following material: Diphenyl oxide (vapour): The data presented are for the following material: (biphenyl) In humans, effects have been reported on the following organs: Central nervous system. Liver. Peripheral nervous system. In animals, effects have been reported on the following organs: Gastrointestinal tract. Kidney. May cause nausea and vomiting. May cause abdominal discomfort or diarrhea.  
**Cancer Information:** Contains component(s) which have caused cancer in laboratory animals. However, the component(s) is/are not genotoxic, and the relevance of cancer to humans is unknown.  
**Birth Defects/Developmental Effects:** Contains component(s) which, in laboratory animals, have been toxic to the fetus only at doses toxic to the mother.  
**Reproductive Effects:** In animal studies on component(s), effects on reproduction were seen only at doses that produced significant toxicity to the parent animals.

### 3. Composition Information

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Component</th>
<th>CAS #</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Diphenyl oxide</td>
<td>101-84-8</td>
<td>73.0 %</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Biphenyl</td>
<td>92-52-4</td>
<td>27.0 %</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### 4. First-aid measures

**Description of first aid measures**

**General advice:** First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection and use the recommended protective clothing (chemical resistant gloves, splash protection). If potential for exposure exists refer to Section 8 for specific personal protective equipment.  
**Inhalation:** Move person to fresh air; if effects occur, consult a physician.  
**Skin Contact:** Wash skin with plenty of water.  
**Eye Contact:** Flush eyes thoroughly with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses after the initial 1-2 minutes and continue flushing for several additional minutes. If effects occur, consult a physician, preferably an ophthalmologist.  
**Ingestion:** Do not induce vomiting. Call a physician and/or transport to emergency facility immediately.  

**Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed**

Aside from the information found under Description of first aid measures (above) and Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed (below), no additional symptoms and effects are anticipated.  

**Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed**

May cause asthma-like (reactive airways) symptoms. Bronchodilators, expectorants, antitussives and corticosteroids may be of help. If lavage is performed, suggest endotracheal and/or esophageal control. Danger from lung aspiration must be weighed against toxicity when considering emptying the stomach. The decision of whether to induce vomiting or not should be made by a physician. No specific antidote. Treatment of exposure should be directed at the control of symptoms and the clinical condition of the patient. Repeated excessive exposure may aggravate preexisting lung disease.
5. Fire Fighting Measures

Suitable extinguishing media
Water fog or fine spray. Dry chemical fire extinguishers. Carbon dioxide fire extinguishers. Foam.
General purpose synthetic foams (including AFFF type) or protein foams are preferred if available.
Alcohol resistant foams (ATC type) may function. Water fog, applied gently may be used as a blanket
for fire extinguishment.
Extinguishing Media to Avoid: Do not use direct water stream. May spread fire.

Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazardous Combustion Products: During a fire, smoke may contain the original material in addition
to combustion products of varying composition which may be toxic and/or irritating. Combustion
products may include and are not limited to: Carbon monoxide. Carbon dioxide.
Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards: Violent steam generation or eruption may occur upon
application of direct water stream to hot liquids. Liquid mist of this product can burn. Flammable
concentrations of vapor can accumulate at temperatures above flash point; see Section 9. Dense
smoke is produced when product burns.

Advice for firefighters

Fire Fighting Procedures: Keep people away. Isolate fire and deny unnecessary entry. Do not use
direct water stream. May spread fire. Burning liquids may be moved by flushing with water to protect
personnel and minimize property damage. Water fog, applied gently may be used as a blanket for fire
extinguishment. Contain fire water run-off if possible. Fire water run-off, if not contained, may cause
environmental damage. Review the "Accidental Release Measures" and the "Ecological Information"
sections of this (M)SDS.
Special Protective Equipment for Firefighters: Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing
apparatus (SCBA) and protective fire fighting clothing (includes fire fighting helmet, coat, trousers,
boots, and gloves). Avoid contact with this material during fire fighting operations. If contact is likely,
change to full chemical resistant fire fighting clothing with self-contained breathing apparatus. If this is
not available, wear full chemical resistant clothing with self-contained breathing apparatus and fight fire
from a remote location. For protective equipment in post-fire or non-fire clean-up situations, refer to
the relevant sections.

6. Accidental Release Measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures: Keep upwind of spill.
Ventilate area of leak or spill. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering the area.
Refer to Section 7, Handling, for additional precautionary measures. Use appropriate safety
equipment. For additional information, refer to Section 8, Exposure Controls and Personal Protection.

Environmental precautions: Prevent from entering into soil, ditches, sewers, waterways and/or
groundwater. See Section 12, Ecological Information. Spills or discharge to natural waterways is likely
to kill aquatic organisms.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up: Contain spilled material if possible.
Small spills: Non-combustible material. Large spills: Collect in suitable and properly labeled
containers. See Section 13, Disposal Considerations, for additional information.

7. Handling and Storage

Handling
General Handling: Avoid contact with skin and clothing. Avoid breathing vapor. Do not swallow.
Wash thoroughly after handling. Keep container closed. Use with adequate ventilation. Spills of
these organic materials on hot fibrous insulations may lead to lowering of the autoignition temperatures possibly resulting in spontaneous combustion. See Section 8, EXPOSURE CONTROLS AND PERSONAL PROTECTION.

**Storage**

Do not store in: Opened or unlabeled containers. Store in tightly closed container. See Section 10 for more specific information. Store away from incompatible materials. See STABILITY AND REACTIVITY section. Additional storage and handling information on this product may be obtained by calling your sales or customer service contact.

**Shelf life:** Use within 60 Months

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### 8. Exposure Controls / Personal Protection

#### Exposure Limits

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Component</th>
<th>List</th>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Diphenyl oxide</td>
<td>ACGIH TWA</td>
<td>1 ppm</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>ACGIH STEL</td>
<td>2 ppm</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>OSHA Table</td>
<td>7 mg/m³ 1 ppm</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Z-1 PEL</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Biphenyl</td>
<td>ACGIH TWA</td>
<td>0.2 ppm</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>OSHA Table</td>
<td>1 mg/m³ 0.2 ppm</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Z-1 PEL</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Personal Protection**

**Eye/Face Protection:** Use safety glasses (with side shields).

**Skin Protection:** Wear clean, body-covering clothing.

**Hand protection:** Use gloves chemically resistant to this material when prolonged or frequently repeated contact could occur. Examples of preferred glove barrier materials include: Viton. Polyethylene. Styrene/butadiene rubber. Polyvinyl alcohol ("PVA"). Ethyl vinyl alcohol laminate ("EVAL"). Examples of acceptable glove barrier materials include: Butyl rubber. Neoprene. Chlorinated polyethylene. Nitrile/butadiene rubber ("nitrile" or "NBR").

**NOTICE:** The selection of a specific glove for a particular application and duration of use in a workplace should also take into account all relevant workplace factors such as, but not limited to: Other chemicals which may be handled, physical requirements (cut/puncture protection, dexterity, thermal protection), potential body reactions to glove materials, as well as the instructions/specifications provided by the glove supplier.

**Respiratory Protection:** Respiratory protection should be worn when there is a potential to exceed the exposure limit requirements or guidelines. If there are no applicable exposure limit requirements or guidelines, wear respiratory protection when adverse effects, such as respiratory irritation or discomfort have been experienced, or where indicated by your risk assessment process. The following should be effective types of air-purifying respirators: Organic vapor cartridge with a particulate pre-filter.

**Ingestion:** Avoid ingestion of even very small amounts; do not consume or store food or tobacco in the work area; wash hands and face before smoking or eating.

**Engineering Controls**

**Ventilation:** Use engineering controls to maintain airborne level below exposure limit requirements or guidelines. If there are no applicable exposure limit requirements or guidelines, use only with adequate ventilation. Local exhaust ventilation may be necessary for some operations.

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### 9. Physical and Chemical Properties

**Appearance**

**Physical State:** Liquid.
### Color
Colorless to yellow

### Odor
Aromatic

### Odor Threshold
No test data available

### pH
Not applicable

### Melting Point
Not applicable to liquids

### Freezing Point
12.0 °C (53.6 °F) Literature

### Boiling Point (760 mmHg)
257 °C (495 °F) Literature.

### Flash Point - Closed Cup
113 °C (235 °F) Closed Cup

### Evaporation Rate (Butyl Acetate = 1)
< 0.1 Estimated.

### Flammability (solid, gas)
Not applicable to liquids

### Flammable Limits In Air

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Lower</th>
<th>Upper</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Vapor Pressure</td>
<td>0.025 mmHg @ 25 °C Literature</td>
<td>7.0 % (V) Literature</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vapor Density (air = 1)</td>
<td>&gt;1.0 Literature</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Specific Gravity (H2O = 1)</td>
<td>1.050 - 1.075 25 °C/25 °C Literature</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Solubility in water (by weight)</td>
<td>0.00138 % @ 15.6 °C Literature</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Partition coefficient, n-octanol/water (log Pow)</td>
<td>No test data available</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Autoignition Temperature</td>
<td>599 °C (1,110 °F) Literature</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Decomposition Temperature</td>
<td>No test data available</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kinematic Viscosity</td>
<td>3.51 mm2/s @ 25 °C Literature</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Molecular Weight</td>
<td>166.0 g/mol Literature</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### 10. Stability and Reactivity

**Reactivity**
No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.

**Chemical stability**
Thermally stable at typical use temperatures.

**Possibility of hazardous reactions**
Polymerization will not occur.

**Conditions to Avoid:** Exposure to elevated temperatures can cause product to decompose.

**Incompatible Materials:** Avoid contact with oxidizing materials.

**Hazardous decomposition products**
Decomposition products depend upon temperature, air supply and the presence of other materials. Decomposition products can include trace amounts of: Benzene. Phenol.

### 11. Toxicological Information

**Acute Toxicity**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Route</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Ingestion, LD50, Rat</td>
<td>&gt; 2,000 mg/kg</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Dermal**
The dermal LD50 has not been determined.

**Inhalation**
As product: The LC50 has not been determined.

**Eye damage/eye irritation**
May cause slight temporary eye irritation.
Skin corrosion/irritation
Repeated contact may cause moderate skin irritation with local redness.

Sensitization
Skin
No relevant information found.

Respiratory
No relevant information found.

Repeated Dose Toxicity
The data presented are for the following material: Diphenyl oxide (vapour): The data presented are for the following material: (biphenyl) In humans, effects have been reported on the following organs: Central nervous system. Liver. Peripheral nervous system. In animals, effects have been reported on the following organs: Gastrointestinal tract. Kidney. May cause nausea and vomiting. May cause abdominal discomfort or diarrhea.

Chronic Toxicity and Carcinogenicity
Contains component(s) which have caused cancer in laboratory animals. However, the component(s) is/are not genotoxic, and the relevance of cancer to humans is unknown.

Developmental Toxicity
Contains component(s) which, in laboratory animals, have been toxic to the fetus only at doses toxic to the mother. Contains component(s) which did not cause birth defects in laboratory animals.

Reproductive Toxicity
In animal studies on component(s), effects on reproduction were seen only at doses that produced significant toxicity to the parent animals.

Genetic Toxicology
In vitro genetic toxicity studies were negative. Animal genetic toxicity studies were negative.

12. Ecological Information

Toxicity
Material is highly toxic to aquatic organisms on an acute basis (LC50/EC50 between 0.1 and 1 mg/L in the most sensitive species tested).

Fish Acute & Prolonged Toxicity
LC50, fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas), 96 h: 9.6 mg/l

Aquatic Invertebrate Acute Toxicity
LC50, water flea Daphnia magna, static, 48 h: 0.29 mg/l

Persistence and Degradability

Data for Component: Diphenyl oxide
Material is expected to be readily biodegradable.

Indirect Photodegradation with OH Radicals

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Rate Constant</th>
<th>Atmospheric Half-life</th>
<th>Method</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>9.84E-12 cm3/s</td>
<td>1.1 d</td>
<td>Estimated</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Biological oxygen demand (BOD):

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>BOD 5</th>
<th>BOD 10</th>
<th>BOD 20</th>
<th>BOD 28</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>64 %</td>
<td>76 %</td>
<td>76 %</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Chemical Oxygen Demand: 2.19 mg/mg
Theoretical Oxygen Demand: 2.63 mg/mg

Data for Component: Biphenyl
Material is readily biodegradable. Passes OECD test(s) for ready biodegradability.

OECD Biodegradation Tests:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Biodegradation</th>
<th>Exposure Time</th>
<th>Method</th>
<th>10 Day Window</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>100 %</td>
<td>28 d</td>
<td>OECD 301D Test</td>
<td>pass</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>66 %</td>
<td>14 d</td>
<td>OECD 301C Test</td>
<td>pass</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Indirect Photodegradation with OH Radicals
Bioaccumulative potential

Data for Component: Diphenyl oxide

Bioaccumulation: Bioconcentration potential is moderate (BCF between 100 and 3000 or Log Pow between 3 and 5).
Partition coefficient, n-octanol/water (log Pow): 4.21 Measured
Bioconcentration Factor (BCF): 196; rainbow trout (Oncorhynchus mykiss)

Data for Component: Biphenyl

Bioaccumulation: Bioconcentration potential is moderate (BCF between 100 and 3000 or Log Pow between 3 and 5).
Partition coefficient, n-octanol/water (log Pow): 3.98 Measured
Bioconcentration Factor (BCF): 1,900; rainbow trout (Oncorhynchus mykiss); Measured

Mobility in soil

Data for Component: Diphenyl oxide

Mobility in soil: Potential for mobility in soil is low (Koc between 500 and 2000).
Partition coefficient, soil organic carbon/water (Koc): 1,968 Measured
Henry's Law Constant (H): 2.2E-04 atm*m3/mole; 25 °C Estimated.

Data for Component: Biphenyl

Mobility in soil: Potential for mobility in soil is low (Koc between 500 and 2000).
Partition coefficient, soil organic carbon/water (Koc): 500 - 630 Estimated.
Henry's Law Constant (H): 4.08E-04 atm*m3/mole; 25 °C Measured

13. Disposal Considerations

DO NOT DUMP INTO ANY SEWERS, ON THE GROUND, OR INTO ANY BODY OF WATER. All disposal practices must be in compliance with all Federal, State/Provincial and local laws and regulations. Regulations may vary in different locations. Waste characterizations and compliance with applicable laws are the responsibility solely of the waste generator. AS YOUR SUPPLIER, WE HAVE NO CONTROL OVER THE MANAGEMENT PRACTICES OR MANUFACTURING PROCESSES OF PARTIES HANDLING OR USING THIS MATERIAL. THE INFORMATION PRESENTED HERE PERTAINS ONLY TO THE PRODUCT AS SHIPPED IN ITS INTENDED CONDITION AS DESCRIBED IN MSDS SECTION: Composition Information. FOR UNUSED & UNCONTAMINATED PRODUCT, the preferred options include sending to a licensed, permitted: Recycler. Reclaimer. Incinerator or other thermal destruction device.

14. Transport Information

DOT Non-Bulk
Proper Shipping Name: ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID,N.O.S. (Mixture of diphenyloxide and biphenyl)
Hazard Class: 9  ID Number: UN3082  Packing Group: PG III

DOT Bulk
Proper Shipping Name: ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID,N.O.S. (Mixture of diphenyloxide and biphenyl)
Hazard Class: 9  ID Number: UN3082  Packing Group: PG III
IMDG
Proper Shipping Name: ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID,N.O.S. (Mixture of diphenyloxide and biphenyl)
Hazard Class: 9  ID Number: UN3082  Packing Group: PG III
EMS Number: F-A,S-F
Marine pollutant.: Yes

ICAO/IATA
Proper Shipping Name: ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID,N.O.S. (Mixture of diphenyloxide and biphenyl)
Hazard Class: 9  ID Number: UN3082  Packing Group: PG III
Cargo Packing Instruction: 964
Passenger Packing Instruction: 964
Additional Information
Reportable quantity: 370 lb – BIPHENYL

MARINE POLLUTANT

This information is not intended to convey all specific regulatory or operational requirements/information relating to this product. Additional transportation system information can be obtained through an authorized sales or customer service representative. It is the responsibility of the transporting organization to follow all applicable laws, regulations and rules relating to the transportation of the material.

15. Regulatory Information

OSHA Hazard Communication Standard
This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 Title III (Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act of 1986) Sections 311 and 312
Immediate (Acute) Health Hazard  No
Delayed (Chronic) Health Hazard Yes
Fire Hazard  No
Reactive Hazard  No
Sudden Release of Pressure Hazard  No

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 Title III (Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act of 1986) Section 313
This product contains the following substances which are subject to the reporting requirements of Section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 and which are listed in 40 CFR 372.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Component</th>
<th>CAS #</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Biphenyl</td>
<td>92-52-4</td>
<td>27.0%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Pennsylvania (Worker and Community Right-To-Know Act): Pennsylvania Hazardous Substances List and/or Pennsylvania Environmental Hazardous Substance List:
The following product components are cited in the Pennsylvania Hazardous Substance List and/or the Pennsylvania Environmental Substance List, and are present at levels which require reporting.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
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<th>Amount</th>
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<tbody>
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<td>Biphenyl</td>
<td>92-52-4</td>
<td>27.0%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Pennsylvania (Worker and Community Right-To-Know Act): Pennsylvania Special Hazardous Substances List:
To the best of our knowledge, this product does not contain chemicals at levels which require reporting under this statute.
California Proposition 65 (Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986)
This product contains no listed substances known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects or other reproductive harm, at levels which would require a warning under the statute.

US. Toxic Substances Control Act
All components of this product are on the TSCA Inventory or are exempt from TSCA Inventory requirements under 40 CFR 720.30

CEPA - Domestic Substances List (DSL)
All substances contained in this product are listed on the Canadian Domestic Substances List (DSL) or are not required to be listed.

16. Other Information

Hazard Rating System

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>NFPA</th>
<th>Health</th>
<th>Fire</th>
<th>Reactivity</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Recommended Uses and Restrictions
Intended as a heat transfer fluid for closed-loop systems. For industrial use only. We recommend that you use this product in a manner consistent with the listed use. If your intended use is not consistent with the stated use, please contact your sales or technical service representative.

Revision
Identification Number: 1007176 / 0000 / Issue Date 03/29/2011 / Version: 5.0
Most recent revision(s) are noted by the bold, double bars in left-hand margin throughout this document.

Legend

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Not available</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>Weight/Weight</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OEL</td>
<td>Occupational Exposure Limit</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>STEL</td>
<td>Short Term Exposure Limit</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>Time Weighted Average</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ACGIH</td>
<td>American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists, Inc.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DOW IHG</td>
<td>Dow Industrial Hygiene Guideline</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WEEL</td>
<td>Workplace Environmental Exposure Level</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HAZ DES</td>
<td>Hazard Designation</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Action Level</td>
<td>A value set by OSHA that is lower than the PEL which will trigger the need for activities such as exposure monitoring and medical surveillance if exceeded.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The Dow Chemical Company urges each customer or recipient of this (M)SDS to study it carefully and consult appropriate expertise, as necessary or appropriate, to become aware of and understand the data contained in this (M)SDS and any hazards associated with the product. The information herein is provided in good faith and believed to be accurate as of the effective date shown above. However, no warranty, express or implied, is given. Regulatory requirements are subject to change and may differ between various locations. It is the buyer's/user's responsibility to ensure that his activities comply with all federal, state, provincial or local laws. The information presented here pertains only to the product as shipped. Since conditions for use of the product are not under the control of the manufacturer, it is the buyer's/user's duty to determine the conditions necessary for the safe use of this product. Due to the proliferation of sources for information such as manufacturer-specific (M)SDSs, we are not and cannot be responsible for (M)SDSs obtained from any source other than ourselves. If you have obtained an (M)SDS from another source or if you are not sure that the (M)SDS you have is current, please contact us for the most current version.